1 2 3 4 5 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 6 7 8 CHRIS SALGADO. No. C 05-2681 JSW (PR) 9 Petitioner, 10 ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AND VS. GRANTING MOTION FOR LEAVE TO ANTHONY P. KANE, Warden, 11 PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS 12 (Docket no. 3) Respondent. 13 14 INTRODUCTION 15 Petitioner, a prisoner of the State of California, currently incarcerated at the 16 Correctional Training Facility at Soledad, has filed a habeas corpus petition pursuant to 17 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging the Board of Prison Terms ("BPT") denial of parole during 18 parole suitability proceedings. Petitioner seeks leave to proceed in forma pauperis. This 19 order directs Respondent to show cause why the petition should not be granted. 20 **BACKGROUND** 21 According to the petition, Petitioner was convicted of second-degree murder in 22 Los Angeles County Superior Court. He was sentenced to fifteen years-to-life in state 23 prison. In this habeas action, Petitioner does not challenge his conviction, but instead 24 challenges the execution of his sentence. Petitioner alleges that in 2003 at his ninth 25 parole suitability hearing, the BPT denied him parole suitability in violation of his federal 26 constitutional right to due process. He alleges that he has exhausted state judicial 27 remedies as to all of the claims raised in his federal petition. 28

1 | DISCUSSION

I. <u>Standard of Review</u>

3.)

This court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus "in behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a).

It shall "award the writ or issue an order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto." *Id.* § 2243.

II. <u>Legal Claims</u>

Petitioner alleges that his constitutional rights were violated by the parole denial by the BPT in 2003. Liberally construed, the allegations are sufficient to warrant a response from Respondent. *See Board of Pardons v. Allen*, 482 U.S. 369 (1987); *see*, *e.g., Morales. v. California Dep't of Corrections*, 16 F.3d 1001, 1005 (9th Cir. 1994), *rev'd on other grounds*, 514 U.S. 499 (1995).

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons and for good cause shown,

- 1. Petitioner's motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* is GRANTED. (Docket no.
- 2. The Clerk shall serve by certified mail a copy of this order and the petition, and all attachments thereto, on Respondent and on Respondent's attorney, the Attorney General of the State of California. The Clerk also shall serve a copy of this order on Petitioner.
- 3. Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on Petitioner, within **sixty** (60) days of the issuance of this order, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be granted. Respondent shall file with the answer and serve on Petitioner a copy of

all portions of the state trial record that have been transcribed previously and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the petition. If Petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with the Court and serving it on Respondent within **thirty** (30) days of his receipt of the answer.

- 3. Respondent may file a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds in lieu of an answer, as set forth in the Advisory Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. If Respondent files such a motion, Petitioner shall file with the Court and serve on Respondent an opposition or statement of non-opposition within thirty (30) days of receipt of the motion, and Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on Petitioner a reply within fifteen (15) days of receipt of any opposition.
- 4. It is Petitioner's responsibility to prosecute this case. Petitioner must keep the Court informed of any change of address by filing a separate paper captioned "Notice of Change of Address." He must comply with the Court's orders in a timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for failure to prosecute pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b)

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: Jan. 12, 2006

United States District Judg